

MMBT7002

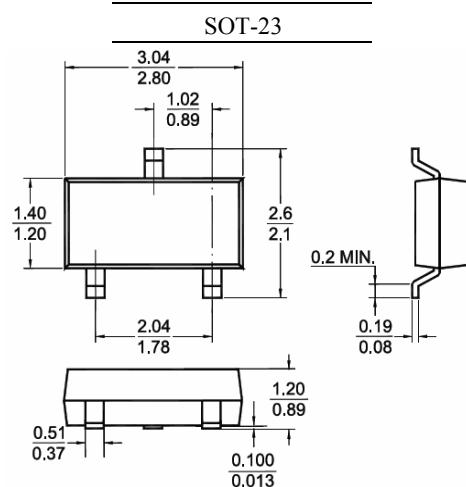
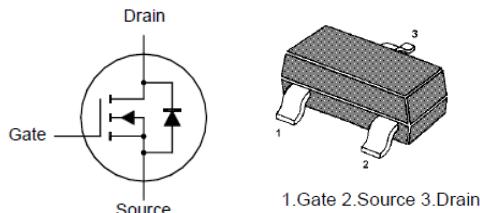
N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



康比電子
HORNBY ELECTRONIC

FEATURES

- High density cell design for low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Voltage controlled small signal switching
- High saturation current capability
- High speed switching
- Suffix "H" indicates Halogen-free parts, ex. MMBT7002H



Dimensions in millimeter

Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	60	V
Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} \leq 1M\Omega$)	V_{DGR}	60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GSS}	± 20 ± 40	V
Maximum Drain Current	I_D	115 800	mA
Total Power Dissipation	P_{tot}	200	mW
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T_j, T_{stg}	-55 to +150	°C

Electrical Characteristics ($T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Drain Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 10 \mu A$	BV_{DSS}	60	-	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 60 V$	I_{DSS}	-	1	μA
Gate-Body Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 20 V$	$\pm I_{GSS}$	-	100	nA
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$	$V_{GS(th)}$	1	2.5	V
On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 10 V, V_{DS} = 7.5 V$	$I_{D(ON)}$	500	-	mA
Drain-Source On-Voltage	$V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 500 mA$ $V_{GS} = 5 V, I_D = 50 mA$	$V_{DS(ON)}$	- -	3.75 1.5	V
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 500 mA$	$R_{DS(ON)}$	-	7.5	Ω
Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 200 mA$	g_{FS}	80	-	mS
Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25 V, f = 1 MHz$	C_{iss}	-	50	pF
Output Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25 V, f = 1 MHz$	C_{oss}	-	25	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25 V, f = 1 MHz$	C_{rss}	-	5	pF
Turn-On Time	$V_{DD} = 30 V, R_L = 150 \Omega, I_D = 0.2 A, V_{GS} = 10 V, R_{GEN} = 25 \Omega$	t_{on}	-	20	nS
Turn-Off Time	$V_{DD} = 30 V, R_L = 150 \Omega, I_D = 0.2 A, V_{GS} = 10 V, R_{GEN} = 25 \Omega$	t_{off}	-	20	nS

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

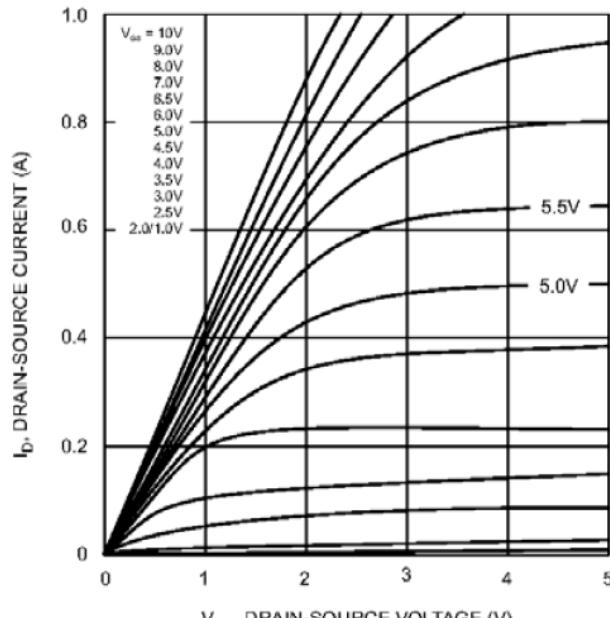


Fig. 1 On-Region Characteristics

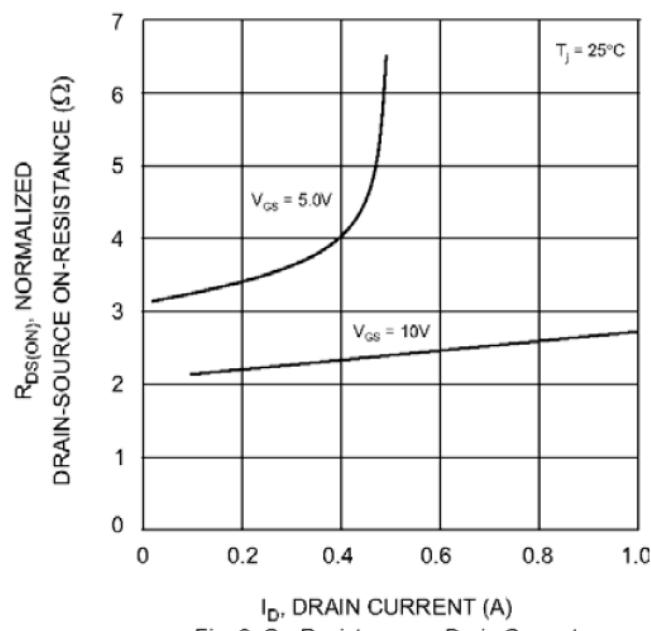


Fig. 2 On-Resistance vs Drain Current

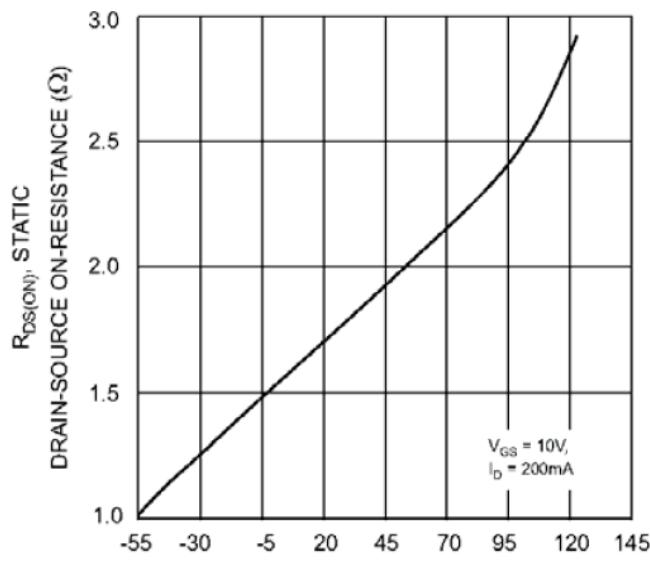


Fig. 3 On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

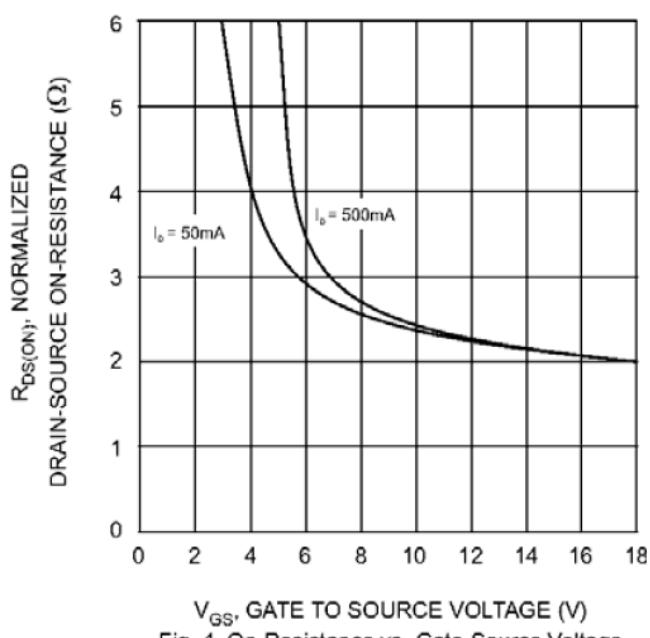


Fig. 4 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage